MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Mabank Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Kaufman</u> County	129-905 Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a	annual financial reports of the above	-named school district were
reviewed and (check one) approved _	disapproved for the year ended	August 31, 2020, at a
meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school	ol district on the 25 th day of Janua	<u>ry</u> , 2021.
Signature of Board Secretary	\overline{S}	ignature of Board President

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Members:
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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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> TEL (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees Mabank Independent School District Mabank, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mabank Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mabank Independent School District as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 13, the budgetary comparison information on page 57, and the pension and OPEB schedules on pages 58 through 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mabank Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Hamkins, Eastup, Deaton, Torm + Seay, PC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2021 on our consideration of Mabank Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Mabank Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

January 19, 2021

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Mabank Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2020. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 5, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$204,012) (deficit net position). Of this amount, (\$10,547,686) represents negative unrestricted net position.
- The District's total net position increased by \$1,168,068 during the current fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,434,027 an increase of \$2,288,793 from the prior year. The increase in governmental fund balances was due primarily to an increase in the general fund fund balance of \$1,352,471 and an increase in the debt service fund balance of \$605,405.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,211,413 or 28.4% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17 and 18). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 19) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 29) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 17. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

- · Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- · Business-type activities—The District does not have any programs in which it charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. Thus, the District had no business-type activities during the current fiscal year.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 19 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- · Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- · Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service fund reports the District's self-insurance workers compensation program that provides services for the District's other programs and activities.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and for a scholarship fund. The District's fiduciary activity is reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 27 and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on page 28. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The analysis below presents both current and prior year data and discusses significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from (\$1,372,080, as adjusted) to (\$204,012). Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$10,547,686) at August 31, 2020.

Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental					
	Activities					
	2020	2019				
Current and other assets	\$ 19,404,760	\$ 17,143,821				
Capital assets	51,548,819	52,930,793				
Total assets	70,953,579	70,074,614				
Deferred outflows of resources	8,090,469	7,362,153				
Long-term liabilities	69,859,106	72,880,220				
Other liabilities	2,137,239	2,231,098				
Total liabilities	71,996,345	75,111,318				
Deferred inflows of resources	7,251,715	4,748,959				
Net Position:						
Net investments in capital assets	5,374,147	2,435,840				
Restricted	4,969,527	4,077,973				
Unrestricted	(10,547,686)	(8,937,323)				
Total net position	\$ (204,012)	\$ (2,423,510)				

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports a deficit balance in unrestricted net position, while reporting a positive balance in net investments in capital assets and restricted net position. The District's net position increased by \$1,168,068 during the current fiscal year.

Table II
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				
	2020	vities 2019			
Revenues:	2020	2017			
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,789,215	\$ 1,020,694			
Operating grants and contributions	6,194,595	7,403,248			
General Revenues:	0,171,373	7,100,210			
Maintenance and operations taxes	12,724,068	12,059,544			
Debt service taxes	4,273,036	3,776,229			
	17,871,636	16,489,437			
State aid	231,877	340,367			
Investment earnings	145,109	932,549			
Miscellaneous		42,022,068			
Total Revenues	43,229,536	42,022,000			
Expenses:					
Instruction, curriculum and	23,769,262	23,060,809			
media services					
Instructional and school leadership	2,235,591	2,290,483			
Student support services	3,980,130	3,830,883			
Food services	1,636,618	1,800,314			
Extracurricular activities	1,833,675	2,160,706			
General administration	1,340,186	1,334,515			
Plant maintenance, security and	4,634,669	5,014,102			
data processing					
Community services	477,855	436,179			
Debt services	1,864,820	1,768,790			
Other intergovernmental charges	288,662	262,573			
Total Expenses	42,061,468	41,959,354			
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,168,068	62,714			
	(2,423,510)	(2,486,224)			
Net Position - beginning of year	1,051,430	(2,100,221)			
Prior period adjustment	\$ (204,012)	\$ (2,423,510)			
Net Position - end of year	φ (204,012)	Ψ (2,123,310)			

Local tax revenues increased due to a 10.1% increase in taxable property values even though the total tax rate went down. State Foundation revenue increased due to an increase in the state funding formula included in new legislation, and a 3.2% increase in average daily attendance. Certain adjustments were necessary in the preparation of the 2019-20 budget to enable the District to maintain a sound financial position.

- Average daily attendance increased by approximately 105 students.
- The District's General Fund expenditures increased \$1.2 million. Much of this increase was due to staff salary increases required under the new state funding legislation.
- The District's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate decreased from \$1.04 per \$100 valuation to \$0.97 per \$100 valuation as required by the new state funding legislation. The District's debt service tax rate remained \$0.325 per \$100 valuation.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$42,061,468. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 18, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$16,997,104 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$1,789,215) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$6,194,595) or by State equalization funding (\$17,871,636).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 19) reported a combined fund balance of \$15,434,027, which is \$2,288,793 more than last year's total of \$13,145,234. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$1,352,471 in the District's General Fund and an increase of \$605,405 in the Debt Service Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2019). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The principal amendments in this case were amendments to reflect additional revenues and personnel and other costs. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$10,337,403 reported on page 19 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$8,173,392 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 57. This is principally due to cost savings achieved during the year based on the final amended budget and revenues in excess of budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At August 31, 2020, the District had \$51,548,819 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net decrease of \$1,381,974, or 2.6 percent, less than last year.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$69,859,106 in long-term debt outstanding (including accreted interest on bonds) versus \$71,828,790 last year-a decrease of \$1,969,684. The District's general obligation bond rating is AAA (as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund) according to national rating agencies.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The District expects average daily attendance to decrease slightly during the 2020-2021 school year. Total state aid is expected to remain flat due to higher local taxable values.
- The District's General Fund expenditures are budgeted to increase approximately \$0.8 million. The increase is due to staff raises and other adjustments.
- The 2020-2021 General Fund budget has budgeted revenues equal to budgeted expenditures (\$33.2 million).
- The District's 2020-2021 maintenance and operations tax rate decreased from \$0.97 per \$100 taxable value to \$0.8978 per \$100 taxable value as a result of tax rate compression required by the State funding legislation passed in 2019. The debt service tax rate decreased from \$0.325 per \$100 taxable value to \$0.2822 per \$100 taxable value. The total tax rate is \$1.18 per \$100 taxable value.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at Mabank Independent School District, 310 E. Market St., Mabank, Texas 75147, (903) 880-1300.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

SSETS 10 Cash and Cash Equivalents 20 Property Taxes - Delinquent 30 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	Governmental Activities \$ 16,084,496 1,760,019
SSETS 10 Cash and Cash Equivalents 20 Property Taxes - Delinquent 30 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$ 16,084,496 1,760,019
10 Cash and Cash Equivalents 20 Property Taxes - Delinquent 30 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	1,760,019
 20 Property Taxes - Delinquent 30 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes 	1,760,019
 20 Property Taxes - Delinquent 30 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes 	
30 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	
	(88,001)
40 Due from Other Governments	1,441,127
90 Other Receivables, Net	33,413
00 Inventories	59,623
10 Prepayments	110,948
90 Other Current Assets	3,135
Capital Assets:	
10 Land	1,833,946
20 Buildings, Net	46,554,854
30 Furniture and Equipment, Net	3,160,019
00 Total Assets	70,953,579
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
05 Deferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS Pension	4,971,503
06 Deferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS OPEB	3,118,966
00 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	8,090,469
IABILITIES	<u></u>
10 Accounts Payable	379,710
40 Accrued Interest Payable	62,168
60 Accrued Wages Payable	1,505,567
80 Due to Other Governments	16,281
00 Unearned Revenue	173,513
Noncurrent Liabilities:	•
01 Due Within One Year	2,427,250
02 Due in More Than One Year	45,015,575
40 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	9,694,178
45 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	12,722,103
00 Total Liabilities	71,996,345
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
05 Deferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS Pension	1,747,944
06 Deferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS OPEB	5,503,771
00 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,251,715
ET POSITION	
00 Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,374,147
20 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	398,372
50 Restricted for Debt Service	4,524,851
90 Restricted for Other Purposes	46,304
00 Unrestricted	(10,547,686)
00 Total Net Position	\$ (204,012)

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Data				Program R	evenues		Position
Control		1		3	4	_	6
					Operating	_	Primary Gov.
Codes				Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							-
11 Instruction	\$	22,768,407	\$	611,230	- , - ,-	\$	(18,858,236)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		466,886		-	17,461		(449,425)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developmen	nt	533,969		-	132,038		(401,931)
21 Instructional Leadership		297,131		~	12,567		(284,564)
23 School Leadership		1,938,460		-	94,108		(1,844,352)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Service.	S	1,584,486		-	351,251		(1,233,235)
32 Social Work Services		27,067		-	1,620		(25,447)
33 Health Services		402,640		-	19,720		(382,920)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,965,937		317,772	401,230		(1,564,707) 138,817
35 Food Services		1,636,618		351,772	1,457,663		(1,472,385)
36 Extracurricular Activities		1,833,675		331,910	9,380		(1,472,383)
41 General Administration		1,340,186 3,764,464		122,196	43,548 65,343		(3,576,925)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		296,044		122,190	75,751		(3,370,223) $(220,293)$
52 Security and Monitoring Services		574,161		-	38,823		(535,338)
Data Processing ServicesCommunity Services		477,855		386,107	51,367		(40,381)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,687,031		300,107	123,784		(1,563,247)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		177,789		_	123,764		(177,789)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		288,662		-	-		(288,662)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u> </u>	42,061,468	•	1,789,215	6,194,595		(34,077,658)
Data		42,001,400	===	1,700,215	0,174,373	-	(34,077,030)
	ral Rever	nnes:					
Codes	axes:						
MT	Proper	rty Taxes Lev	ied	for General Pu	irposes		12,724,068
DT				for Debt Servi			4,273,036
SF S		- Formula Gra					17,871,636
		t Earnings					231,877
		_	d Int	ermediate Rev	renue		145,109
TR To	tal Gener	al Revenues					35,245,726
CN		Change in	Net	Position			1,168,068
NB Net	Position	- Beginning					(2,423,510)
Net		Adjustment					1,051,430
NE		•				\$	(204,012)
Net Net	Position -	- Ending				—	(201,012)

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

Data		10		50				Total
Control		General		Debt Service		Other Funds	•	Governmental Funds
Codes		Fund		Fund	_	runus	_	runus
ASSETS							_	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,048,442	\$	4,196,690	\$	615,720	\$	15,860,852
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent		1,349,146		410,873		-		1,760,019
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(67,457) 894,939)	(20,544)		546,188		(88,001) 1,441,127
Due from Other Governments Other Receivables		694,939		_		33,413		33,413
1290 Other Receivables 1300 Inventories		15,042		_		44,581		59,623
1410 Prepayments		110,948		_				110,948
1490 Other Current Assets		3,135		_		-		3,135
1000 Total Assets	\$	13,354,195	\$	4,587,019	\$	1,239,902	\$	19,181,116
LIABILITIES					_			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	280,613	\$	_	\$	99,097	\$	379,710
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	Ψ	1,330,536	Ψ	_	*	175,031	-	1,505,567
2180 Due to Other Governments		-,,		-		16,281		16,281
2300 Unearned Revenue		123,954		-		49,559		173,513
2000 Total Liabilities		1,735,103		-		339,968		2,075,071
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		1,281,689		390,329		-		1,672,018
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	1,281,689		390,329		-	_	1,672,018
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
3410 Inventories		15,042		-		44,581		59,623
3430 Prepaid Items		110,948		-		-		110,948
Restricted Fund Balance:						220.740		229.740
Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		4 106 600		338,749		338,749 4,196,690
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		4,196,690		46,304		4,190,090
3490 Other Restricted Fund Balance Committed Fund Balance:		-		-		40,504		40,504
3510 Construction		500,000		***		_		500,000
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance		500,000		_		-		500,000
Assigned Fund Balance:		000,000						,
3590 Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		470,300		470,300
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance		9,211,413		-		-		9,211,413
3000 Total Fund Balances		10,337,403		4,196,690		899,934		15,434,027
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	13,354,195	\$	4,587,019	\$	1,239,902	\$	19,181,116

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 15,434,027
1 The District uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	223,644
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.	90,401,815
3 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(38,852,996)
4 Bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(36,403,529)
5 Accrued compensated absences are not reported in the fund financial statements.	(215,606)
6 Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the fund financial statements.	(1,052,547)
7 Bond premiums on outstanding bonds payable are not recognized in the fund financial statements.	(9,771,143)
8 Property tax revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	1,672,018
9 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	(62,168)
10 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 and 71 in the amount of \$9,694,178, Deferred Inflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$1,747,944 and Deferred Outflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$4,971,503. This results in a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$6,470,619.	(6,470,619)
11 Included in the items related to governmet-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$12,722,103, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$5,503,771, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$3,118,966. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$15,106,908.	(15,106,908)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (204,012)

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Contr Code			10 General Fund	1	50 Debt Service Fund		Other Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Total Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	\$	13,344,217 19,883,915 484,895	\$	4,331,140 123,784	\$	1,058,842 613,242 3,704,391	\$	18,734,199 20,620,941 4,189,286
5020	Total Revenues		33,713,027		4,454,924		5,376,475		43,544,426
3020	EXPENDITURES:					-			
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		17,887,815		-		2,325,966		20,213,781
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		369,856		-		14		369,870
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		451,734		-		120,059		571,793
0021	Instructional Leadership		283,527		-		-		283,527
0023	School Leadership		1,811,005		-		-		1,811,005
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,205,202		-		287,953		1,493,155
0032	Social Work Services		25,313		-		~		25,313
0033	Health Services		375,363		-		-		375,363
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,916,597		-		395		1,916,992
0035	Food Services		3,015		-		1,546,349		1,549,364
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,192,376		-		247,559		1,439,935
0041	General Administration		1,278,010		-		-		1,278,010
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,733,091		-		17,462		3,750,553
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		198,891		-		68,131		267,022
0053	Data Processing Services		563,179		-		17,680		580,859
0061	Community Services		38,111		-		413,990		452,101
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		-		377,651		-		377,651
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		-		3,476,122		-		3,476,122
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		177,789		-		177,789
	Capital Outlay:								
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		779,060		-		-		779,060
	Intergovernmental:								
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		288,662		-		<u>. </u>		288,662
6030	Total Expenditures		32,400,807		4,031,562		5,045,558		41,477,927
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,312,220		423,362		330,917		2,066,499
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7901	Refunding Bonds Issued		-		3,175,992		-		3,175,992
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		158,400		-		-		158,400
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		5,818,283		-		5,818,283
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(118,149)		-		-		(118,149
8949	Other (Uses)		-		(8,812,232)		-		(8,812,232
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		40,251		182,043		-		222,294
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	1,352,471		605,405		330,917		2,288,793
							569,017		13,145,234
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		8,984,932		3,591,285		309,017		10,140,434
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	10,337,403	\$	4,196,690	\$	899,934	\$	15,434,027

EXHIBIT C-4

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

FOR THE TEAR ENDED ACCUST 51, 2020	
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,288,793
The District uses an internal service fund to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position	119,363
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.	1,332,086
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.	(2,577,903)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable and payment of accreted interest on bonds are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	1,704,926
Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(481,070)
Interest expense on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due.	(3,630)
Revenues from property taxes are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements.	(49,728)
Current year amortization of the premium on bonds payable is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	946,516
The change in accrued compensated absences is not recognized in the fund financial statements.	12,369
Current year issuances of refunding bonds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(3,175,992)
The premiums on the current year issuances of refunding bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(5,818,283)
The current year payment to the escrow agent for refunding debt is an other financing use in the fund financial statements, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	8,812,232
The net book value of capital assets disposed of is not recorded in the fund financial statements.	(136,157)
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2019 caused the change in the ending net position to decrease by \$5,452. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$1,428,546, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$1,433,998.

(1,433,998)

(371,456)

The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2019 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to decrease in the amount of \$6,469. These contributions were replaced with the District's OPEB expense for the year of \$364,987, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$371,456.

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,168,068

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 223,644
Total Assets	223,644
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	223,644
Total Net Position	\$ 223,644

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	
Total Operating Revenues	-	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):		
Earnings from Temporary Deposits & Investments	1,214	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	1,214	
Income Before Transfers	1,214	
Transfer In	118,149	
Change in Net Position	119,363	
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	104,281	
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 223,644	

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal	
	Service Fund	
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		
Operating Transfer In	118,149	
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities	118,149	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Interest and Dividends on Investments	1,214	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,214	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	119,363	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	104,281	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 223,644	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:	\$ -	
Operating Income (Loss)	<u> </u>	

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 31,274	\$ 185,159
Total Assets	31,274	\$ 185,15
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	-	\$ 1,03
Due to Student Groups		 184,12
Total Liabilities		\$ 185,15
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Scholarships	31,074	
Restricted for Other Purposes	200	
Total Net Position	\$ 31,274	

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 28,610
Total Additions	28,610
DEDUCTIONS:	
Other Deductions	19,840
Total Deductions	19,840
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	8,770
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	22,504
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 31,274

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Mabank Independent School District's (the "District") combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees is elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting</u> Standards, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Mabank Independent School District has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused debt service fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- 2. Internal Service Fund The District utilizes an Internal Service Fund to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. This fund facilitates distribution of support costs to the users of support services. The District has an internal service fund for its self-insured workers compensation plan.
- 3. Private Purpose Trust Fund The District accounts for donations which have the stipulation that the funds be used for specific purpose in this fund. The District's Private Purpose Trust Funds are scholarship funds. These funds are not budgeted.
- 4. Agency Funds These custodial funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

The internal service fund is a proprietary fund type. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for the proprietary fund includes the cost of personal and contractual services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements, fund financial statements for proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements (except agency funds) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) are included in the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year of less at time of purchase. External investment pool are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund. The other special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

August 31, 2020 Fund Balance

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$374,925
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	_525,009
All Constal Danamas Francis	\$800 034

All Special Revenue Funds

E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The District had no material encumbrances outstanding at August 31, 2020.

F. INVENTORIES

The consumption method is used to account for inventories of paper and other supplies. Under this method, these items are charged to expenditures when consumed.

G. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the nonspendable fund balance has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

H. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements 15-50 Years Furniture and Equipment 3-15 Years

J. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 6.7 years.

The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred pension expenses at August 31, 2020 was \$4,971,503.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 8.6 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported for deferred OPEB expense at August 31, 2020 was \$3,160,019.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at August 31, 2020 was \$1,672,018.

Deferred inflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and other actuarial and other assumption differences. These amounts will be amortized over a closed 5 year period. In fiscal year 2020, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the governmental activities in the amount of \$1,747,944.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (8.6 years for the 2019 measurement year). In fiscal year 2020, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the governmental activities in the amount of \$5,503,771.

K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore no liability has been accrued in the accompanying general purpose financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest for most employees.

Employees who retire with five or more years of continuous employment in the District and whose retirement can be verified with TRS, shall be paid for all state and local sick and personal leave days upon retirement at rates established by District policy. The accumulated leave benefits at August 31, 2020 were \$215,606 and are recorded in the government-wide financial statements as long-term debt.

L. CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid and have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

M. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

N. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2020, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

P. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCES

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification:</u> The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- <u>Nonspendable:</u> This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified inventories and prepayments as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Food service and other Federal and State grant resources are restricted because their use is restricted pursuant to the mandates of the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program or other grant requirements. The District has local grant funds restricted by those grantors.
- <u>Committed:</u> This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of August 31, 2020 for future construction and for other purposes.
- <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.
- <u>Unassigned:</u> This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance of the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and are described below:

General Fund

Prepayments of \$110,948 and inventories of \$15,042 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The Board of Trustees have committed a total of \$500,000 of the General Fund fund balance for future construction and \$500,000 for other purposes.

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$9,211,413 at August 31, 2020.

Other Major Funds

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$4,196,690 at August 31, 2020 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Other Funds

The Child Nutrition Fund has inventories of \$44,581 considered nonspendable fund balance.

The fund balance of \$264,846 of the Campus Activity Fund (a special revenue fund) and the MISD Fitness Center Fund (a special revenue fund) are shown as assigned fund balance. The fund balance of \$46,304 in local grants special revenue fund is shown as restricted for those grants. The following special revenue funds fund balances are restricted by Federal or State grant restrictions:

National Breakfast & Lunch Program	\$330,344
Other Grants	8,405
Total	<u>\$338,749</u>

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposit checking accounts and interest-bearing demand accounts was \$1,057,857 and the bank balance was \$1,431,095. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2020 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2020, the District's cash deposits totaled \$1,431,095. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's agent or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At August 31, 2020, the District held investments in four public funds investment pools (Texas Class, Texas Term, Lone Star and TexPool). Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for the four investment pools range from AAA (Standard & Poor's) to AAAm.
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for all investment pools is less than 90 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At August 31, 2020, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. At August 31, 2020, the District did not have more than 5 percent invested with a single issuer. The District's investments in the public funds investment pools are not subject to the concentration risk.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at August 31, 2020, are shown below:

Name	Carrying <u>Amount</u>	Market <u>Value</u>
TexPool Investment Pool	\$11,973,886	\$11,973,886
Lone Star Investment Pool	2,567,418	2,567,418
Texas Class Investment Pool	1,142	1,142
Texas Term Investment Pool	700,628	700,628
Total	\$15,243,074	<u>\$15,243,074</u>

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investment in the State Investment Pools (statewide 2a7-like external investment pools) are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance September 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirement/ Adjustments	Balance August 31
Governmental Activities:		•		
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,318,672	\$ 515,274	\$ -	\$ 1,833,946
Construction in Progress	M			
Total Capital assets not being depreciated	1,318,672	515,274		1,833,946
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	78,192,274	-	-	78,192,274
Furniture and Equipment	9,893,343	816,812	(334,560)	10,375,595
Total capital assets being depreciated	88,085,617	816,812	(334,560)	88,567,869
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(29,668,624)	(1,968,796)	-	(31,637,420)
Furniture and Equipment	(6,804,872)	(609,107)	<u>198,403</u>	(7,215,576)
Total accumulated depreciation	(36,473,496)	(2,577,903)	<u>198,403</u>	(38,852,996)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	51,612,121	(1,761,091)	(136,157)	49,714,873
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 52,930,793	\$(1,245,817)	<u>\$(136,157)</u>	\$ 51,548,819

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$1,543,433
Instructional Resources & Media Services	78,130
Curriculum & Staff Development	37,431
School Leadership	25,583
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	22,812
Health Services	5,931
Student (Pupil) Transportation	267,847
Food Services	101,694
Extracurricular Activities	354,608
General Administration	15,036
Plant Maintenance and Operations	73,597
Security and Monitoring	37,774
Data Processing	13,694
Community Services	333
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	\$2,577,903

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds and capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended August 31, 2020:

	Interest Rate	Amounts Original	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/2019	Issued Current Year	Interest Accretion	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/2020	Due Within One Year
Description	<u>Payable</u>	<u>Issue</u>	9/1/2019	<u>1 cai</u>	Accietion	Kettifided	0/31/2020	One rear
Bonded Indebtedness:			a 200 (00	dr.	¢.	\$ 309,600	\$ -	©
2002 School Bldg. & Refunding	4.00-5.98%	\$ 8,101,432	\$ 309,600	\$ -	\$ -	,	-	12.116
2006 School Bldg. & Refunding	4.00-5.00%	31,665,041	40,588	-	-	18,051	22,537	13,115
2012 Refunding Bonds	2.00-3.42%	6,095,083	3,180,084	-	-	3,180,084	-	
2014 Refunding Bonds	2.00-4.00%	6,705,000	6,140,000	-	-	50,000	6,090,000	50,000
2015 Refunding Bonds	2.00-4.00%	9,020,000	8,895,000	-	-	-	8,895,000	-
2016 School Bldg. & Refunding	2 00-5 00%	19,765,000	18,220,000	-	-	-	18,220,000	215,000
2020 Refunding Bonds	0.61-4.00%	3,175,992	<u> </u>	3,175,992			3,175,992	805,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness			36,785,272	3,175,992		3,557,735	36,403,529	1,083,115
Other Direct Obligations:								
Accreted Interest - Capital Apprec	iation Bonds		3,765,658	-	481,070	3,194,181	1,052,547	541,628
Bond Premiums			8,664,618	5,818,283	-	4,711,758	9,771,143	802,507
Compensated Absences			227,975	(7,154)	-	5,215	215,606	-
Net Pension Liability			9,788,272	(94,094)	-		9,694,178	-
Net OPEB Liability			12,596,995	125,108	-		12,722,103	-
Total Other Obligations:			35,043,518	5,842,143	481,070	7,911,154	33,455,577	1,344,135
ũ .			\$71,828,790	\$9,018,135	\$481,070	\$11,468,889	\$69,859,106	\$2,427,250
Total Obligations of District			ψ/1,020,770	<u>w/,010,122</u>	<u> </u>	w. i, .00,007	*************	**********

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

	General (<u>Obligation</u>	
Year Ended			Total
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2021	\$ 1,083,115	\$ 2,671,740	\$ 3,754,855
2022	1,134,422	2,618,333	3,752,755
2023	2,390,000	1,364,005	3,754,005
2024	1,767,556	1,984,349	3,751,905
2025	1,759,131	1,992,024	3,751,155
2026-2030	9,324,305	9,445,970	18,770,275
2031-2035	16,030,000	2,410,820	18,440,820
2036-2040	2,380,000	399,400	2,779,400
2041	535,000	21,400	556,400
	\$36,403,529	<u>\$22,908,041</u>	<u>\$59,311,570</u>

The 2006 and 2020 bond series include Capital Appreciation Bonds. No interest is paid on these bonds prior to maturity. The bonds mature variously between 2021 and 2030. Interest accrues on these bonds semi-annually even though the interest is not paid until maturity.

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2020.

NOTE 6. DEBT ISSUANCES AND DEFEASED DEBT

In August 2020, the District issued \$3,175,992 (par value) in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2020 to advance refund \$3,180,084 (par value) of outstanding bonds. The net proceeds of \$8,812,232 (\$3,175,992 par amount of the bonds plus \$5,818,283 of premium paid on the bonds plus \$2,582 of accrued interest less \$180,938 of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. and State and Local Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Excess proceeds of \$3,687 were

deposited to the District's Debt Service Fund. As a result, \$3,180,034 of those bonds will be repaid from the irrevocable trust when the bonds reach their call date in September 2020.

The refunding was undertaken to reduce the District's total debt service payments by \$940,150 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$896,941.

In the current year, the District issued refunding bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service savings. The District has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to ensure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds and notes are not included in the District's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from those earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues. On August 31, 2020, \$3,180,084 of bonds and notes outstanding are considered defeased.

NOTE 7. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2019-20 fiscal year was based was \$1,295,749,112. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2020, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.97 and \$0.325 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.295 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2020 were 96.8% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of August 31, 2020, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$1,281,689 and \$390,329 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected.

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Mabank Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/trs%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS then Publications then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May, 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. This action causing the pension fund to be actuarially sound, allowed the legislature to approve funding for a 13th check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rat	es	
	2019	<u>2020</u>
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employer	6.8%	7.5%
Mabank ISD FY2020 Employer Contributions		\$ 639,399
Mabank ISD FY2020 Member Contributions		\$ 1,667,408
Mabank ISD FY2020 NECE On-Behalf Contri	butions	\$ 1,290,248

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. The contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution will replace the Non (OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced with the Public Education Employer Contribution explained above.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 rolled forward
	to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2019	2.63%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

	FY2019		Long-Term Expected
	Target	New Target	Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation ¹	Allocation ²	Return ³
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	18%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	13%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9%	9%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	-	-
Private Equity	13%	14%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	16%	3.1%
Absolute Return	-	-	-
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	5%	4.5%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds ⁴	3%	-	-
Real Estate	14%	15%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	5%	6%	7.3%
Commodities	-	-	-
Risk Parity			5
Risk Parity	5%	8%	5.8%/6.5% ⁵
Leverage			
Cash	1%	2%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage		<u>-6%</u>	2.7%
Total	100%	_100%	7.23%

¹ Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of FY2019

² New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented FY2020

³ 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%

⁴ New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds

⁵ 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
Mabank ISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$14,901,358	\$9,694,178	\$5,475,354

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2020, Mabank Independent School District reported a liability of \$9,694,178 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Mabank Independent School District. The amount recognized by Mabank Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Mabank Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 9,694,178
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	15,156,004
Total	<u>\$24,850,182</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0186487%, an increase of 4.9% from its proportionate share of 0.01778314% at August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how
 this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a
 \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the
 actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, Mabank Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,290,248 and revenue of \$1,290,248 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, Mabank Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 40,724	\$ 336,597
Changes in actuarial assumptions	3,007,610	1,242,887
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	97,341	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,186,429	168,460
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	639,399	-
Total	\$4,971,503	\$1,747,944

\$639,399 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount		
2021	\$ 652,151		
2022	535,278		
2023	618,089		
2024	624,780		
2025	224,480		
Thereafter	(70,618)		

NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care	Monthly for Reti	irees
	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree* and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rat	es	
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Mabank ISD FY20 Employer Contributions	\$18	32,844
Mabank ISD FY20 Member Contributions	\$14	10,755
Mabank ISD FY20 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$25	50,251

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Rates of Mortality

Rates of Retirement Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability

General Inflation
Wage Inflation

Expected Payroll Growth

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Inflation

Single Discount Rate

Aging Factors

Expenses

Projected Salary Increases

Election Rates

August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019 Individual Entry Age Normal 2.30% 2.63%

Based on specific plan experience Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the

age-adjusted claim costs

3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% participation after age 65

None

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes

The impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.63%)	Current Single Discount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.63%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$15,359,658	\$12,722,103	\$10,658,739

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5%.

	1% Decrease (7.5%)	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (8.5%)	1% Increase (9.5%)	
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$10,378,246	\$12,722,103	\$15,861,796	

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$12,722,103 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$12,722,103
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	16,904,830
Total	\$29,626,933

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.026901615%, an increase of 6.6% compared to the August 31, 2018 proportionate share of 0.025228849%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of the pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.

- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while activity employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.
- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$250,251 and revenue of \$250,251 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 624,127	\$2,081,837
Changes in actuarial assumptions	706,614	3,421,934
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,373	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,604,008	_
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	182,844	-
Total	\$3,118,966	\$5,503,771

The net amounts of the employer's balance of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2021	\$ (490,362)
2022	(490,362)
2023	(490,807)
2024	(491,061)
2025	(490,994)
Thereafter	(114,063)

NOTE 10. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended August 31, 2020, 2019 and 2018, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$94,177, \$77,356 and \$90,522, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

NOTE 11. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended August 31, 2020, employees of Mabank Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$300 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a fully insured plan.

NOTE 12. WORKERS COMPENSATION

The District participates in the Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$151,801 for the 19-20 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$61,021 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Claims Administrative Services, Inc provides claims administration. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$500,000 for the entire pool. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers compensation self-insurance of \$172,682 includes incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

Changes in workers compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal year 2020 are represented below:

	September 1	Claims and		August 31
Fiscal	Claims	Changes in	Claims	Claims
Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
2020	\$142,665	\$61,292	\$31,275	\$172,682

NOTE 13. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation, Per Capita, Existing Debt Allotment, and Instruction Facilities Allotment Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2020, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Federal	Local	
Fund	Entitlements	Grants	Governments	Total
General	\$894,939	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 894,939
Special Revenue	89,902	456,286	-	546,188
Debt Service				
Total	<u>\$984,841</u>	<u>\$456,286</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$1,441,127</u>

NOTE 14. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 15. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, \$118,149 was transferred from the General Fund to the Internal Service Fund as an equity transfer to the Internal Service Fund.

NOTE 16. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$12,548,153	\$ -	\$4,192,002	\$16,740,155
Food Sales	-	317,772	•	317,772
Investment Income	163,493	2,518	67,170	233,181
Penalties, interest and other				
tax related income	234,709	-	71,968	306,677
Co-curricular student activities	81,561	320,708	-	402,269
Other	316,301	417,844	-	734,145
Total	\$13,344,217	<u>\$1,058,842</u>	\$4,331,140	<u>\$18,734,199</u>

NOTE 17. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

		Special	Debt	
	General	Revenue	Service	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
State Revenue	\$ 70,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,863
State Grants	-	49,559	-	49,559
Tuition	53,091			53,091
	\$123,954	\$49,559	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$173,513</u>

NOTE 18. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS BY FUNCTION

The Texas Education Agency requires the budgets for certain Governmental fund types to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional category under TEA requirements. Expenditures exceeded appropriations in two functional categories in the General Fund for the year ended August 31, 2020.

NOTE 19. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

In fiscal year 2020, the District recorded a prior period adjustment in its governmental-wide financial statements.

The prior period adjustment was made to the governmental activities net position. Beginning net position was increased to correct the beginning balance of the District's long-term debt. The following illustrates the effect of the prior period adjustments.

Beginning Net Position - As Originally Presented	\$(2,423,510)
Restatement due to:	
Correction to long-term debt	1,051,430
Beginning Net Position – As Restated	<u>\$(1,372,080)</u>

NOTE 20. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been characterized as a pandemic (the "Pandemic") by the World Health Organization and is currently affecting many parts of the world, including the United States and the State of Texas. On January 31, 2020, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States and on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the outbreak of COVID-19 in the United States a national emergency. Subsequently, the President's Coronavirus Guidelines for America and the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention called upon Americans to take actions to slow the spread of COVID-19 in the United States.

On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in the State in response to the Pandemic, which disaster declaration he has subsequently extended. Pursuant to Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor has broad authority to respond to disasters, including suspending any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conducting State business or any order or rule of a State agency that would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the disaster, and issuing executive orders that have the force and effect of law. The Governor has issued a series of executive orders relating to COVID-19 preparedness and mitigation. Under Executive Order GA-26, public schools, which ceased in-person instruction from the middle of March to the end of May and transitioned totally to remote instruction, resumed operations in the summer under protocols outlined in guidance from the TEA.

TEA has informed Texas school districts that COVID-19 related school closings and/or absenteeism will not impact ADA calculations and school funding so long as a school district commits to support students instructionally while they are at home. The District has developed remote instructional resources for its students and has begun delivering remote instruction in conjunction with in-person instruction. Therefore, the District does not anticipate a reduction in State funding as a result of the school closures at this time.

The District continues to monitor the spread of COVID-19 and is working with local, State and national agencies to address the potential impact of the Pandemic upon the District. While the potential impact of the Pandemic on the District cannot be quantified at this time, the continued outbreak of COVID-19 could have an adverse effect on the District's operations and financial condition.

The Pandemic has negatively affected travel, commerce, and financial markets globally, and is widely expected to continue negatively affecting economic growth and financial markets worldwide. These negative impacts may reduce or negatively affect property values within the District. The District's bonded debt is secured by an unlimited ad valorem tax, and a reduction in property values may require an increase in the ad valorem tax rate required to pay the bonds as well as the District's share of operations and maintenance expenses payable from ad valorem taxes.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		Dudantad	A	aumta		ctual Amounts GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Codes	-	Budgeted Original	Am	Final				Positive or (Negative)	
			_						
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources S800 State Program Revenues S900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	13,237,050 19,090,300 505,000	\$	13,302,050 19,090,300 485,000	\$	13,344,217 19,883,915 484,895	\$	42,167 793,615 (105	
5020 Total Revenues	_	32,832,350		32,877,350		33,713,027		835,677	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
0011 Instruction		18,123,518		18,123,518		17,887,815		235,703	
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		436,037		436,037		369,856		66,181	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		491,677		491,677		451,734		39,943	
0021 Instructional Leadership	•	303,617		303,617		283,527		20,090	
0023 School Leadership		1,733,689		1,803,689		1,811,005		(7,316)	
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,158,552		1,218,552		1,205,202		13,350	
0031 Social Work Services		25,286		25,286		25,313		(27)	
0032 Health Services		401,383		401,383		375,363		26,020	
0033 Realth Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,819,118		2,044,118		1,916,597		127,521	
0034 Student (Fupil) Transportation		70,900		70,900		3,015		67,885	
0033 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities		1,453,597		1,453,597		1,192,376		261,221	
		1,178,826		1,338,826		1,172,370		60,816	
0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,093,486		4,093,486		3,733,091		360,395	
				212,621		198,891		13,730	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		141,621				563,179		7,204	
0053 Data Processing Services		570,383		570,383					
0061 Community Services		39,200		39,200		38,111		1,089	
Capital Outlay:									
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		250,000		780,000		779,060		940	
Intergovernmental:									
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		285,000		290,000		288,662		1,338	
Total Expenditures		32,575,890		33,696,890		32,400,807		1,296,083	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	-	256,460		(819,540)		1,312,220		2,131,760	
Expenditures			_						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property		125,000		158,000		158,400		400	
8911 Transfers Out (Use)		(150,000)		(150,000)		(118,149)		31,851	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(25,000)		8,000		40,251		32,251	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	_	231,460		(811,540)	_	1,352,471		2,164,011	
1200 Not Change in Fund Datances		•		,				۵,101,011	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		8,984,932		8,984,932		8,984,932		-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	9,216,392	c r	8,173,392	¢	10,337,403	\$	2,164,011	

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	_P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	P	FY 2019 lan Year 2018	_P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.0186487%		0.01778314%		0.017383815%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	9,694,178	\$	9,788,272	\$	5,558,407
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		15,156,004		16,339,552		9,695,318
Total	\$	24,850,182	\$ 	26,127,824	\$ =	15,253,725
District's Covered Payroll	\$	20,960,736	\$	20,077,322	\$	19,403,922
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		46.25%		48.75%		28.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

F	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	_ F	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	_I	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.015854544%		0.0180143%		0.010852%
\$	5,991,196	\$	6,367,815	\$	2,898,719
	12,194,118		11,493,476		9,140,887
\$	18,185,314	\$	17,861,291	\$ 	12,039,606
\$	18,763,139	\$	18,219,667	\$	16,631,740
	31.93%		34.95%		17.43%
	78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 639,399	\$ 644,851	\$ 597,074
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(639,399)	(644,851)	(597,074)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	\$	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 21,654,613	\$ 20,960,736	\$ 20,077,322
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.95%	3.08%	2.97%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

2017	 2016	y _e -	2015
\$ 562,367	\$ 556,785	\$	542,288
(562,367)	(556,785)		(542,288)
\$ -	\$	\$	·
\$ 19,403,922	\$ 18,763,139	\$	18,219,667
2.90%	2.97%		2.98%

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	P	FY 2018 lan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.026901615%	0.025228849%		0.02381549%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	12,722,103	\$ 12,596,995	\$	10,356,463
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		16,904,830	16,705,552		14,818,390
Total	\$	29,626,933	\$ 29,302,547	\$	25,174,853
District's Covered Payroll	\$	20,960,736	\$ 20,077,322	\$	19,403,922
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		60.69%	62.74%		53.37%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		2.66%	1.57%		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	_	2020	2019	2018
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	182,844 \$	189,313 \$	170,832
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(182,844)	(189,313)	(170,832)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	
District's Covered Payroll	\$	21,654,613 \$	20,960,736 \$	20,077,322
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.84%	0.90%	0.85%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected in the actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas Legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The health care trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of the pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while activity employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

			205		211		224	225		
Data				Е	SEA I, A	IDE	EA - Part B	IDE	A - Part B	
Contro	1			Ir	nproving	I	Formula	Pı	reschool	
Codes	м =	Н	ead Start	Bas	ic Program					
A	ASSETS									
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(56,825)	\$	(81,593)	\$	-	\$	-	
1240	Due from Other Governments		76,580		138,332		43,354		1,259	
1290	Other Receivables		-		-		-		-	
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		-	
1000	Total Assets	\$	19,755	\$	56,739	\$	43,354	\$	1,259	
L	JABILITIES									
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	1,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		17,944		56,739		43,354		1,259	
2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-	
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-				-	
2000	Total Liabilities		19,755		56,739		43,354		1,259	
F	TUND BALANCES									
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:									
3410	Inventories		-		-		-		-	
	Restricted Fund Balance:									
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		~		-		-		-	
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		**	
	Assigned Fund Balance:									
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-		-	
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-				-	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	19,755	\$	56,739	\$	43,354	\$	1,259	

-	240	2	244		255		263		266		270		272		276						
	National		eer and	E	SEA II,A	Ti	tle III, A	ESS	ER -School		EA VI, Pt B		edicaid		tructional						
Bre	eakfast and	Tech	nnical -	Tra	aining and	Eng	lish Lang.	Emergency				Rural & Low				rgency Rural & I			in. Claim	Co	ontinuity
Lun	ch Program	Basi	c Grant	R	ecruiting	Ac	quisition	Relief			Income	1	МАС								
\$	367,430	\$	-	\$	(29,984)	\$	(2,751)	\$	(29,431)	\$	(26,464)	\$	-	\$	(4,195)						
	39,519		-		32,140		2,751		63,772		26,464		-		4,195						
	1,045		-		-		-		-		-		-		~						
	44,581		-		-		-		-		-		-		-						
\$	452,575	\$		\$	2,156	\$	-	\$	34,341	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
\$	76,678	\$	_	\$	2,156	\$	_	\$	11,946	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_						
*	972		-		´ -		_		22,395		-		-		-						
	-		_		_		-		-		-		-		-						
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-						
	77,650		-		2,156		V *		34,341		-		-		-						
	44.501																				
	44,581		-		-		-		-		-		-		-						
	330,344		-		_		-		-		-		-		100						
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-						
	-		-		-		-		_		-										
	374,925		-		-		-			_					-						
\$	452,575	\$	_	\$	2,156	\$	-	\$	34,341	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_						

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2020

		-	289		397		410		427
Data		Oth	er Federal	A	dvanced		State	R	leady to
Contro			Special	Pl	acement	In	structional		Read
Codes		Rev	enue Funds	In	centives		Materials		
A	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(27,920)	\$	2,729	\$	(30,262)	\$	116
1240	Due from Other Governments		27,920		-		35,822		-
1290	Other Receivables		-		-		-		-
1300	Inventories		-						-
1000	Total Assets	\$		\$	2,729	\$	5,560	\$	116
I	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		-		-		-
2180	Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenue		_		-				-
2000	Total Liabilities		-		_	_	-		-
F	FUND BALANCES								
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:								
3410	Inventories		-		-		-		-
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		2,729		5,560		116
3490	Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
	Assigned Fund Balance:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances				2,729		5,560		116
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	2,729	\$	5,560	\$	116

	429		461		480		483		486		488		490		Total
Ot	her State		Campus		Child	Ex	konMobil		MISD		Other		MISD		Nonmajor
5	Special		Activity	De	velopment	Ed	ucational	E	ducation		Grants		Fitness	Go	overnmental
Reve	enue Funds		Funds		Center	A	Alliance	Fou	nd. Grants				Center		Funds
\$	2,642	\$	283,892	\$	2,094	\$	1,544	\$	39,061	\$	183	\$	205,454	\$	615,720
	54,080		-		-		-		-		-		-		546,188
	-		-		32,368		-		-		-		-		33,413
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		44,581
\$	56,722	\$	283,892	\$	34,462	\$	1,544	\$	39,061	\$	183	\$	205,454	\$	1,239,902
		_						•		A		d)		Ф	00.007
\$	1,647	\$	2,765	\$	2,094	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,097
	-		-		32,368		-		-		-		-		175,031
	-		16,281		-		-		-		-		-		16,281
	49,559	_					-			_	-	_		_	49,559
	51,206	_	19,046		34,462		-		-	_			-	_	339,968
			_		_		_		_		_		_		44,581
	-		_		_		_								11,501
	-		_		_		-		-		_		-		338,749
	5,516		-		-		1,544		39,061		183		-		46,304
			264,846		_		-		-		-		205,454		470,300
	5,516		264,846		-		1,544		39,061	_	183		205,454	_	899,934
\$	56,722	\$	283,892	\$	34,462	\$	1,544	\$	39,061	\$	183	\$	205,454	\$	1,239,902

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

_	205		211	224 IDEA - Part B	225 IDEA - Part B
Data			ESEA I, A		
Control			Improving	Formula	Preschool
Codes		Head Start	Basic Program		
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues		-	-	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues		234,987	883,599	799,460	19,005
5020 Total Revenues		234,987	883,599	799,460	19,005
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		234,987	831,923	584,927	19,005
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-		-	~
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	45,854		-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	5,822	214,533	•
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services		-	•	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	•
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	-	-	_
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		•	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services 0061 Community Services		_	_	_	-
6030 Total Expenditures		234,987	883,599	799,460	19,005
10030 Total Expenditures					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	-	-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	240	244	255	263	266	270	272	276
	National	Career and	ESEA II,A	Title III, A	ESSER -School		Medicaid	Instructional
Bı	reakfast and	Technical -	Training and	English Lang.	Emergency	Rural & Low	Admin. Claim	Continuity
Lui	nch Program	Basic Grant	Recruiting	Acquisition	Relief	Income	MAC	
\$	320,290 \$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Ψ	7,996	-		<u>-</u>	-	_	_	291
	1,447,149	44,747	42,140	10,012	129,944	26,464	11,920	4,195
	1,775,435	44,747	42,140	10,012	129,944	26,464	11,920	4,486
		43,174		10,012	88,566	6,464		4,486
	- 	45,174	-	10,012	-	0,401	_	- 1,100
	_	709	42,140	_	11,356	20,000	-	-
		864	-	_	-	_	11,920	-
	_	-	-	-	395	-	-	-
	1,546,349	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	11,947	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	17,680	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-		-		-
	1,546,349	44,747	42,140	10,012	129,944	26,464	11,920	4,486
	229,086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	145,839		<u>-</u>		-	-		-
\$	374,925 \$	- :	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

		289	397 Advanced	410	427
Data		Other Federal		State	Ready to
Control	S	pecial	Placement	Instructional	Read
Codes	Reve	nue Funds	Incentives	Materials	
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	- \$	- \$		-
5800 State Program Revenues		-	2,479	489,518	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	~	50,769	-	•	-
Total Revenues		50,769	2,479	489,518	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		4,962	-	489,447	æ
10012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-	-	-
2013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		27,000	-	-	•
20034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services		-	-	_	_
2036 Extracurricular Activities		-	_	_	_
20051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 20052 Security and Monitoring Services		18,807	_	_	-
0052 Data Processing Services		70,007	_	-	_
0061 Community Services		-	-	_	-
6030 Total Expenditures		50,769	-	489,447	-
200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	2,479	71	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	250	5,489	116
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	- \$	2,729 \$	5,560 \$	116

_									
		461	480	483	486	488	490	Total	
		Campus	Child	ExxonMobil MISD		Other	MISD	Nonmajor	
S	Special	Activity	Development	Educational	Education	Grants	Fitness	Governmental	
Reve	enue Funds	Funds	Center	Alliance	Found. Grants		Center	Funds	
\$	4,757 \$	281,744 \$	386,107 \$	_	\$ 38,964 \$	- \$	26,980 \$	1,058,842	
•	85,075	· -	27,883	-	· -	-	-	613,242	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,704,391	
	89,832	281,744	413,990	-	38,964	-	26,980	5,376,475	
	7,923	-	-	90	<u>-</u>	_		2,325,966	
	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120,059	
	27,814	-	-	-	-	-	-	287,953	
	an	-	-	-	-	-	-	39.	
	~	-	-	-	-	-	•	1,546,34	
	-	235,405	-	-	7,964	-	4,190	247,55	
	4,757	-	-	-	-	-	758	17,462	
	49,324	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,13	
	-	-	*	-	-	-	-	17,680	
	-	-	413,990	-		-	1.0.10	413,990	
	89,832	235,405	413,990	90	7,964	-	4,948	5,045,558	
	-	46,339	-	(90)	31,000	-	22,032	330,917	
···.	5,516	218,507		1,634	8,061	183	183,422	569,017	
\$	5,516 \$	264,846 \$	- \$	1,544	\$ 39,061 \$	183 \$	205,454 \$	899,934	

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REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Appraised			
Last 10 Years Ended August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Value for School Tax Purposes		
2011 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
012	1.040000	0.340000	1,034,633,564		
013	1.040000	0.340000	1,048,231,620		
014	1.040000	0.340000	1,071,449,830		
015	1.040000	0.340000	1,080,489,293		
016	1.040000	0.325000	1,061,727,457		
017	1.040000	0.325000	1,073,017,867		
018	1.040000	0.325000	1,102,458,426		
019	1.040000	0.325000	1,177,138,635		
O20 (School year under audit)	0.970000	0.325000	1,295,749,112		
000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2019	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2020
\$ 478,484 \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 17,522	\$ 3,569	\$ (113,034)	\$ 344,359
76,194	-	2,852	932	(748)	71,662
75,239	-	4,948	1,618	(3,789)	64,884
87,951	-	8,082	2,642	(565)	76,662
104,303	-	14,980	4,897	(822)	83,604
130,045	-	21,178	6,618	(1,574)	100,675
146,306	-	24,671	7,710	(1,400)	112,525
229,861	-	51,180	15,994	(16,363)	146,324
483,981	-	172,985	54,058	(32,832)	224,106
-	16,779,951	12,232,840	4,098,632	86,739	535,218
\$ 1,812,364 \$	16,779,951	\$ 12,551,238	\$ 4,196,670	\$ (84,388)	\$ 1,760,019

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes	-	Original		Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	453,389 11,636 1,305,250	\$	453,389 11,636 1,305,250	\$ 320,290 7,996 1,447,149	\$	(133,099) (3,640) 141,899	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		1,770,275		1,770,275	1,775,435	_	5,160	
0035 Food Services		1,770,275		1,770,275	1,546,349		223,926	
6030 Total Expenditures		1,770,275		1,770,275	1,546,349		223,926	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	229,086		229,086	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	_	145,839		145,839	145,839		-	

\$

145,839 \$

3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)

145,839 \$

374,925 \$

229,086

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control		Budgeted	idgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
Codes		Original Final					Positive or (Negative)		
		Original		7 11161				(Negative)	
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	3,930,000	\$	4,230,000 100,000	\$	4,331,140 123,784	\$	101,140 23,784	
5020 Total Revenues		3,930,000		4,330,000		4,454,924		124,924	
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:									
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		377,652		377,652		377,651		1	
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		3,478,704		3,478,704		3,476,122		2,582	
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		4,000		179,000		177,789		1,211	
Total Expenditures		3,860,356		4,035,356		4,031,562		3,794	
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		69,644		294,644		423,362		128,718	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7901 Refunding Bonds Issued 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds 8949 Other (Uses)		- -		- -		3,175,992 5,818,283 (8,812,232)		3,175,992 5,818,283 (8,812,232)	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		_		182,043		182,043	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		69,644		294,644		605,405		310,761	
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		3,591,285		3,591,285		3,591,285		-	
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	3,660,929	\$	3,885,929	\$	4,196,690	\$	310,761	

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FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Mabank Independent School District Mabank, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Mabank Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mabank Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated January 19, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn o Seay, PC Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

January 19, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Mabank Independent School District Mabank, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Mabank Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Mabank Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. Mabank Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Mabank Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mabank Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mabank Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Mabank Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Mabank Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Mabank Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mabank Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn + Slay, PC

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

January 19, 2021

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

- I. Summary of Auditor's Results
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- 4. Internal controls over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported

- 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?: No
- 7. Major programs include:

Child Nutrition Cluster:

CFDA 10.553 School Breakfast Programs

CFDA 10.555 National School Lunch Program-Cash Assistance

CFDA 10.555 National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None.

III. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Federal Awards

None

IV. Other Findings Which are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards

None

V. Corrective Action Plan:

None required.

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

No prior year findings.

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

FOR THE YEAR ENDED			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Direct Programs	04.041		\$ 5,295
Impact Aid - P.L. 81,874	84.041		5,295
Total Direct Programs			5,275
Passed Through Region 10 Education Service Center Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	20671001057950	10,012
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	20694501057950	42,140
Total Passed Through Region 10 Education Service Center			52,152
Passed Through State Department of Education			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	20610101129905	883,599
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	20660001129905	756,106
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	21660001129905	43,354 799,460
Total CFDA Number 84.027			
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool *IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 84.173	20661001129905 21661001129905	17,746 1,259
Total CFDA Number 84.173	04.173	21001001129903	19,005
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			818,465
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	20420006129905	44,747
ESEA, Title VI, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358B	20696001129905	26,464
Instructional Continuity	84.377A	17610740129905	4,195 50,769
ESEA, Title IV, Part A Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief Fd	84.424A 84.425D	20680101129905 20521001129905	129,944
Total Passed Through State Department of Education	01.1202		1,958,183
·			2,015,630
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			2,015,050
Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services			
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	529-11-0033-00012	11,920
Total Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services			11,920
Passed Through Region 10 Education Service Center			
Head Start	93.600	06CH010655	1,414
Head Start Total CFDA Number 93.600	93.600	06CH010655	233,573 234,987
••••			234,987
Total Passed Through Region 10 Education Service Center	TOWARD CO.		246,907
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN S U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	ERVICES		240,707
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture		00/70070/	400.540
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	806780706	408,548
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	806780706 806780706	944,445 94,156
Total CFDA Number 10.555			1,038,601
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,447,149
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			1,447,149
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			1,447,149 \$ 3,709,686
*Clustered Programs			

^{*}Clustered Programs

MABANK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

- 1. The District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund which is a Governmental Fund type. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types and Agency Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

- 3. The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at August 31, 2020, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are not significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.
- 4. The District also received \$479,600 of School Health and Related Services (SHARS) payments. These payments are not considered Federal awards for purposes of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and were recorded as Federal revenues in the General Fund.